



VETERINARY PROFESSIONAL INSURANCE SOCIETY INC.
ANNUAL REPORT
2020 / 2021



Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Inc

*Insurance tailored for the
veterinary profession, since 1987*

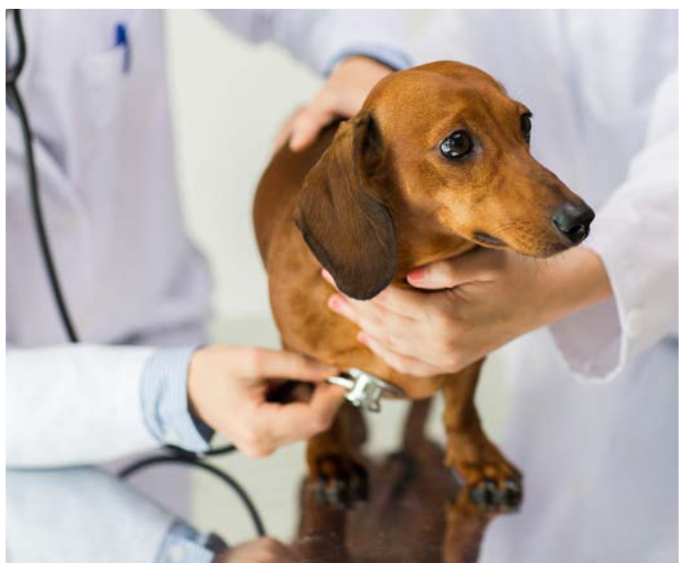
About VPIS

We are a membership organisation that has been around since 1987 for the purpose of providing insurance and support to the veterinary profession when things go wrong.

We do this primarily by providing tailored Professional Liability insurance, claims management and pastoral support from fellow veterinarians. Additional member benefits include pre and post-loss risk and incident advice and education, and discretionary financial support.

Our standard Professional Liability package provides Professional Indemnity insurance, Public Liability insurance, Statutory Liability insurance and Employers Liability insurance.

Professional Indemnity insurance provides cover for liability and defence costs arising from an actual or alleged breach of and insured member's professional duty.



WE PRIDE OURSELVES ON BEING THE INSURER OF CHOICE FOR THE NEW ZEALAND VETERINARY PROFESSION, SUPPORTING VETERINARY WELLBEING AND CONTRIBUTING TO THE EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS OF THE VITAL SERVICES THEY PROVIDE.

Public Liability insurance provides cover for liability and defence costs arising from physical loss or damage to a person or their property. Statutory Liability insurance provides cover for defence costs and penalties arising from an actual or alleged breach of the law. Employers Liability insurance provides cover for liability to an employee arising from their employment.

As a not-for-profit member society, any profits we make go back into the society to help us support you, when you need us.

Although we're an independent incorporated society, we know the importance of relationships, in your jobs as much as ours.

We work closely with the New Zealand Veterinary Association (NZVA) and the Veterinary Council of New Zealand (VCNZ), for the mutual benefit of our members and the profession. And because most of us are veterinarians at heart, Crombie Lockwood provide policy administration and advice to our members, so we can focus on helping members when they need it most.

OUR VISION IS TO BE THE INSURER THAT BEST UNDERSTANDS, SUPPORTS AND SATISFIES THE VETERINARY PROFESSION, AND ENABLES BETTER OUTCOMES - NOW AND IN THE FUTURE.



Our Mission

Our mission is to support our members, and the efficiency of the veterinary profession, by:

- Doing everything within our power to maintain our status as a licensed insurer
- Working together with leaders of the profession to manage expectations, and outcomes
- Promoting good practices to reduce the incidences and impact of preventable claims
- Keeping liability insurance affordable and fair for all members
- Treating our members as equals, with respect and compassion

Our Values

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| Sustainable | Our decisions are based on being here for our members, for the long haul |
| Wise | We use our experience and knowledge to guide and support our members |
| Empathetic | We make a point of understanding you and what you need |
| Pragmatic | We deal with problems reasonably and logically for the benefit of all members |

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From the Board

We acknowledge that the past 18 months have been both disruptive and challenging for the veterinary profession. Despite the financial benefit from increased demand for veterinary services, stressed owners, restricted working environments and an already stretched profession has undoubtedly impacted the wellbeing of the profession and led to more claims.

As I've shared before, Liability insurance is a long game, and VPIS is dedicated to being here for the long haul. Unfortunately, this has required a review of our premiums this year, to build adequate capital reserves to meet our regulatory obligations before we lose our current small insurer exemptions. A further drive behind premium increases is the significant increase in claims.

Consistent with last year, there was high representation in companion animal claims (60%), bovine claims (18%) and equine claims (12%). Veterinary Council (VCNZ) complaints remained relatively low this year with no judicial hearings. Despite this, poor record keeping, and communication, remain concerns, especially in the current environment.

We know the importance of meeting face to face, however once again Covid-19 has put the brakes on planned gatherings this year. The best we could do was attend the Christchurch conference albeit briefly. We are hopeful that the conferences

booked in the coming months can proceed and look forward to sharing "war stories" with you.

From a financial perspective we had a solid performance, ending the year with a surplus of \$167,120. Alongside this our equity position increased from \$2.71m to \$2.857m, and our solvency ratio increased from 383% to 422%.

As usual, I would like to thank those that have supported us to support you over the past year. Within VPIS, I'd like to thank Alpha Woolrich, our CEO, and Trish Thorpe, our Claims Manager. I'd also like to mention Margaret Carter, our former Chief Financial Officer, who retired this year. She has been a godsend in challenging times.

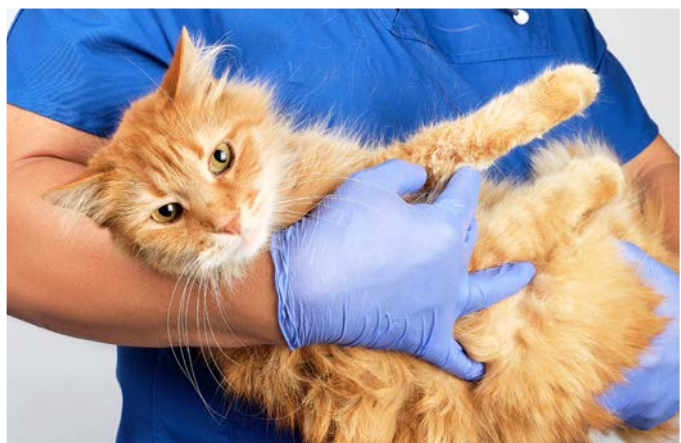
My fellow board members, some of whom assist with claims investigations, have embraced new ways of working together. This includes Mark Gilmour, Steve Cranefield, Paul Fraser, Brendon Bell, Tanya Page, Vince Peterson and Jim Rhynd. In addition to our Board Assessors, Dr Katy Dawson has been a huge asset as an independent Assessor.

As a small insurer we rely on our relationship with our reinsurers. This year we established a new relationship with Berkshire Hathaway. We look forward to developing this in the coming months and years. Many thanks for your support in 2021.

Our Strategic Themes

We have committed to the following strategic themes:

- Make financially prudent decisions that support the longevity of the society
- Apply a risk based approach to insurance cover and pricing
- Maintain and grow VPIS membership by demonstrating what's in it for them
- Increase VPIS's insurance management, governance and operational effectiveness
- Proactively support members to reduce the incidences and impact of preventable claims



THANK YOU TO ALL OUR MEMBERS FOR CHOOSING VPIS ONCE AGAIN. WHILE WE ARE INSURERS, WE ARE A MEMBERSHIP ORGANISATION FIRST AND FOREMOST.

From the Audit and Risk Committee

While it would be easy to stick to a Covid-19 driven narrative, this report will focus on VPIS's environment from a financial and risk perspective.

Covid-19 was disruptive from an administration perspective. With the introduction of international border closures, alert levels and lockdowns, came news of pending recessions, freefalling investment and increased compliance. There were however positives, such as the use of zoom meetings to enable ease of participation in events such as this Annual General Meeting (AGM). Investment recovery and economic performance were also stronger than anticipated, particularly in the veterinary profession, which has meant that Covid-19 hasn't impacted our financials as expected.

The anticipated decrease in total practice incomes, which forms the basis of our premium calculations, didn't eventuate as veterinary practices in general performed strongly in most sectors under Covid-19. In addition, the number of practices insured increased.

Quite possibly our greatest ongoing challenge is balancing our roles as both a not for profit membership organisation that provides insurance to its members, and that of a highly regulated licensed insurer which requires us to build and maintain large capital reserves and adhere to significant compliance measures.

The Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010 has markedly increased compliance requirements for VPIS over the past decade but the main issue we are facing is the anticipated move under IPSA from a small insurer status to that of a large insurer. The Act stipulates that once an insurer reaches a \$1.5 million premium threshold it is then classified as a large insurer. This triggers a number of increased compliance requirements but the one that has been the Board's principal

concern is the need to have an absolute minimum of \$3 million of solvency reserves at the time that the \$1.5 million premium threshold is breached.

At the time of this report our premium income for the 2020/2021 year is expected to be \$1.45 million for the year ending 30 September, and our solvency reserves stand at \$2.86 million. Despite this, VPIS is intending to remain under the \$1.5 million threshold for a further year, i.e. 2021/2022. This threshold has benefited members to some degree as it has been beneficial to contain premiums while we grow our solvency reserves.

It has been a challenging situation for the Board to build up reserves in the face of increased compliance costs being placed on the insurance sector. Compounding this has been an environment of economic volatility and low interest rates; increased insurance claims and re-insurance costs; and higher development costs of our bespoke Ezidocs insurance platform all impacting markedly on our income.

The Board recently made the decision to move our investment portfolio from BNZ to JB Were to have more proactive management of our investments to closer meet the requirements of our SIPO (Statement of Investment Policy and Objectives).

There are a number of initiatives the Board has been considering with our advisors as we anticipate moving to a large insurer status within 2 years.

These will be communicated with the membership over the coming year as voting may be required at the next AGM.

Mark Gilmour Chairman VPIS ARC



QUITE POSSIBLY OUR GREATEST ONGOING CHALLENGE IS BALANCING OUR ROLES AS BOTH A NOT-FOR-PROFIT MEMBERSHIP ORGANISATION AND THAT OF A HIGHLY REGULATED LICENSED INSURER.

Our People

VPIS Board Members

GAVIN SHEPHERD

BVSc Massey 1979, MAVSc, MBA

VPIS Board since 2007

Board Chair since 2016

Species: Companion Animal



What does your background bring to the job?

My area of expertise is small animal practice. I was a small animal veterinarian for over 30 years, and have also managed a veterinary business in the Waikato which employs around 50 veterinarians. More recently I have moved into working in the family business providing animal cremation services across the North Island.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

Supporting veterinarians. There is a lot of stress when a customer complains about your business, or you as a veterinarian. When a complaint progresses through to the Veterinary Council, the stakes escalate. I have been involved with VPIS for over a decade and supporting veterinarians when going through an investigation is so rewarding, especially when you see the personal and professional difference we make.

Final Word:

The first thing I advise veterinarians is to prepare for the length of time a VCNZ complaint can take to go through the process. It is not uncommon for the process to take several months, and they need to prepare for this. That's where having VPIS support is so important for veterinarians – to know they've got experienced help alongside.

STEVE CRANFIELD

BVSc Massey 1992, BSc

VPIS Board since 2003

Species: Bovine



What does your background bring to the job?

I assess claims involving livestock. Veterinarians don't work in a black and white world. When dealing with livestock, veterinarians are balancing the emotional and economic needs of their farming clients with the health and welfare of the animal - and often doing so in unpredictable situations. This is even more true in a Covid environment. It is inevitable that, despite the best intentions, sometimes things just don't go to plan.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

I am proud to assist VPIS to provide support, education and a voice of reason in very stressful times for fellow veterinarians.

Most memorable VPIS moment:

As an assessor for dairy related claims, the most memorable moment for me was when I finally met 'face-to-face' with a veterinarian that I had helped to get through a very stressful Veterinary Council complaints assessment. We had spoken on the phone and via email countless times. There were many late nights preparing submissions as we prepared the case and I became increasingly concerned that we were going to lose a fine young veterinarian from our profession. Through all the turmoil we developed a relationship of sorts but it was not until I met the veterinarian face-to-face 3 years later, in a new role with a new young family, that it sank in for me how different things could have been if it were not for the support that VPIS provides.

Final Word:

I often say to veterinarians, "Thank goodness for the VPIS". Yes, VPIS are insurers, but we go well beyond the financial transaction of insurance.

BRENDON BELL

BVSc Massey 1985, MS, MACVSc

VPIS Board since 2000

Species: Equine

Speciality: Equine surgery (09 Dec 1998)



What does your background bring to the job?

Each of us in our working professional lives face the possibility of something going wrong. And some of the things that go wrong in our job can have life changing effects. When things go wrong, if they are not managed well and with empathy, the consequences for the veterinarian involved can be tragic. I had a catastrophic event early in my veterinary career and know exactly the effect these instances have on people. Because of this I feel uniquely qualified to be able to assess equine cases 'when things go wrong', always with the veterinarian in mind ensuring the assessment process is quick, fair and empathetic.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

Veterinarians, especially newer graduates, often feel vulnerable, and have a genuine concern that the mistake they made may mean they will lose their job, or worse, their ability to practice. Over my time with the VPIS I've been involved in many memorable case investigations. The one aspect of these cases that stands out for me is about the reassurance and support we can give to younger vets when something goes wrong.

Final Word:

VPIS is there to advocate for the vet and rectify and compensate for mistakes that can happen. Life still goes on, and luckily, I've had no instances where a mistake has resulted in a vet losing their practicing certification.

JIM RHYND

VPIS Board since 2014



What does your background bring to the job?

I'm an experienced dairy and beef farmer in Northland, the Chair of the Northern Wairoa Veterinary Club and the farmer representative for the Association of Rural Veterinary Practices on the VPIS Board.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

While I'm not an Assessor, you could say I provide a practical view from a farmer perspective.

Final Word:

The services that rural veterinarians provide are essential to a productive and efficient agricultural sector. Insuring with VPIS provides a safety net when things go wrong for both farmers and veterinarians working together.

MARK GILMOUR

BVSc Massey 1978

VPIS Board since 2007

Species: Production animal



What does your background bring to the job?

I was in a mixed practice in the Rangitikei for 33 years - initially at the Marton Vet Club and since 1980 was a partner in Southern Rangitikei Vet Services. Since 2011 I have been self-employed and provide consultancy services to several companies. I assess claims involving production animals such as sheep, beef, deer and some dairy.

I know from my time in practice, and as a manager, that as vets we face some unique challenges and risks. So, when my fellow Board member Vince Peterson suggested I put my name forward for the VPIS Board it was a great opportunity for me to give something back into the profession.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

The cases VPIS has dealt with gives us a real insight to many aspects of practice and allows us to have a perspective managing risk in the profession. We have used this to provide guidance on things like scanning and pregnancy testing, technician employment, certification for transport, raw milk and associated legislation.

Final Word:

While the primary role of VPIS is to provide indemnity insurance to the profession, what I think gives us our point of difference is the genuine focus and passion for the well-being of vets, and the standard of the profession, of every Board member past and present.

PAUL FRASER

BVSc Massey 1977

VPIS Board since 2011

Species: Equine



What does your background bring to the job?

I spent forty years in equine clinical practice at Cambridge Equine Hospital before retiring from full time work in 2017. Since then, I've continued to work for them on a consultancy basis and occasionally locum for other practices. I assess claims predominantly involving equine.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

My passions are helping young veterinarians develop their careers and trying to come up with innovative solutions for problems, both veterinary and non-veterinary, by looking at things from slightly "outside of the box".

My greatest satisfaction is working to ease the anguish of our insured vets when they are subjected to the stress of legal action when things go wrong.

Final Word:

Whether the vet is in the right, or in the wrong, is of little consequence. Our job is to guide them through the process of rectifying the issue in a way that minimises the negative impact it may have on them personally, and on their professional future. If I can achieve that, I have done my job.

TANYA PAGE

BVSc Massey 2001

VPIS Board since 2017

Species: Companion Animal



What does your background bring to the job?

I've been a veterinarian for about 20 years now and assess claims involving companion animals. Becoming part of VPIS has allowed me to help the profession that I have been part of over that time.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

The complaints procedure is a very stressful time for veterinarians. I have found that it doesn't matter how old the veterinarian is or how experienced they are, from a new graduate to one with specialist qualifications, they are all affected in a similar way.

I have a lot of empathy for the demanding work and difficult situations that veterinarians become involved in, and it is important to me that veterinarians can feel supported.

Final Word:

It is a very satisfying experience to be able to make a complaint go a little more smoothly for the veterinarian and take some of the burden off their shoulders.

VINCE PETERSON

BVSc (Hons) Sydney University 1964

BVSc Massey University (H.C.) 2013

Member of the NZ Order of merit (MNZM) 2020

VPIS Board since 1994

Species: Companion Animal



What does your background bring to the job?

My role in claims handling has largely been with small animal claims, and in so doing I have become something of a self-taught specialist in dealing with VCNZ complaints and Dispute Tribunal cases. One of our earlier Board members used to say that you would be no use at this job if you didn't have a few scars to show as qualification. These metaphorical scars are obtained courtesy of earlier mistakes in your professional career and are a catalyst for learning life's lessons. They can provide experience which in turn can lead into wisdom. Scars come from mistakes and it is inevitable that we will all potentially make some mistakes in our professional life. I had my scars, and these led me onto the Board of the VPIS in the mid-1990s, where I was fortunate to lead the Board for much of my time.

What do you enjoy about your Board role?

As a veterinary assessor, our job is to apply our technical skills to support and defend our insured veterinarians when a claim arises. Much of our work is pastoral in nature and it is this aspect which I have most enjoyed.

Final Word:

Being able to negotiate situations to a conclusion and to explain, share and minimise the fear and uncertainty which inevitably stresses worried colleagues, particularly when they are subject to a complaint and investigation from the VCNZ, has been the most memorable and enjoyable part of my VPIS role.

VPIS Management & Administration

ALPHA WOOLRICH

MAlyt

PGCert(Mgmt)

BAppEcon

GradDipBusStuds (Ins Mgmt)

Fellow, ANZIIF



I'm the VPIS Chief Executive Officer and I'm responsible for leading the delivery of VPIS's strategic initiatives, overseeing the day to day business operations, and liaising with the Board and regulators.

Since joining the team in January 2018 and taking on the role of CE in 2019, we've undergone significant changes to ensure our long term viability as a member based insurer for vets. It has been by far the most enjoyable yet challenging experience, where no two days are the same.

TRISHA THORPE

Claims Manager



I'm the Claims Manager for VPIS and will usually be the first person you speak to when you ring in to notify VPIS of a claim or complaint you've received from a client.

I joined the NZVA and VPIS over 20 years ago and have developed an in-depth knowledge of the types of claims and stresses that veterinarians face.

RICHARD ANDERSON

IT Manager



I'm the IT Manager for VPIS and focus on IT support, maintaining the claims database and website and attending to any customisation and database reports VPIS needs.

I joined the NZVA and VPIS eight years ago and came into the IT world via a happy accident in the early 2000's after dabbling in building and property maintenance. My career has mainly revolved around website and Open Source software development.



2021 in review

2021 in review

Membership

The past two years has seen strong growth in membership, and member turnover, resulting from a significant increase in demand, particularly in the companion animal space, in the covid environment.

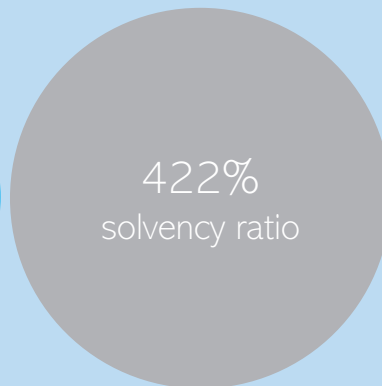
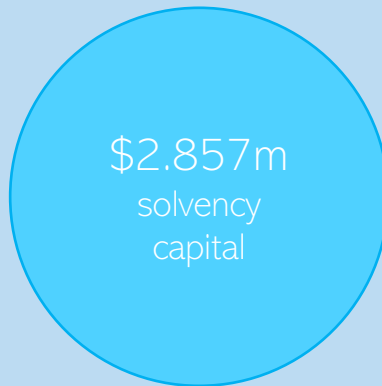
This demand, along with closed international borders, has seen a return of some veterinarians from retirement, as well as an increase in technicians.



Premium and solvency

Premium income increased slightly this year, driven by the increase in membership and member turnover. On the investment side there was a strong rally following the initial

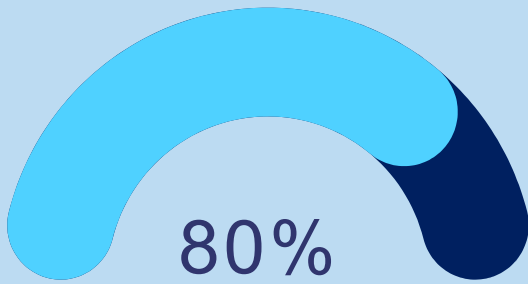
response to covid in 2020. As a result, we ended the year with a surplus of \$160K, an equity position of \$2.857m and a Reserve Bank solvency ratio of 422%.



Claims experience

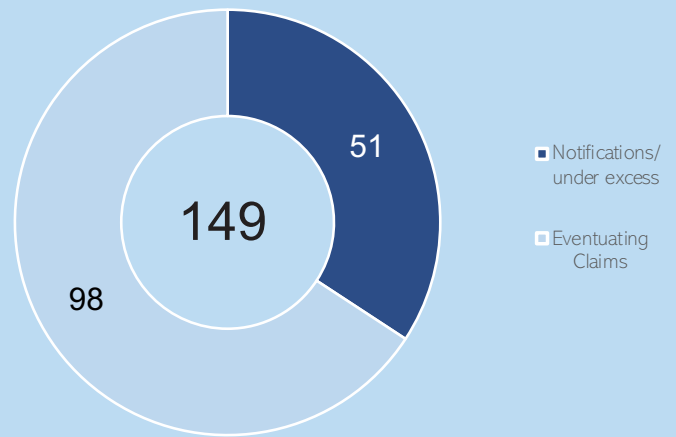
The volume of professional liability claims increased significantly in contrast to the general insurance market.

Of note, the volume of claims that eventuated increased around 80% on the 2020 year. The remaining analysis focuses on those claims that eventuated.



In 2021 actual claims increased by 80%

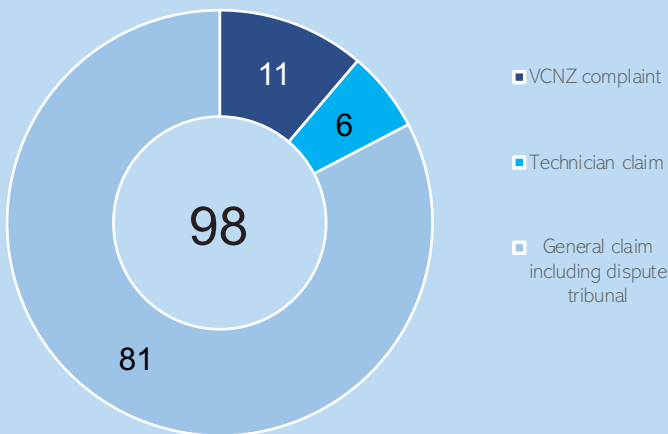
Breakdown of claims
Eventuating vs Notifications/ under excess



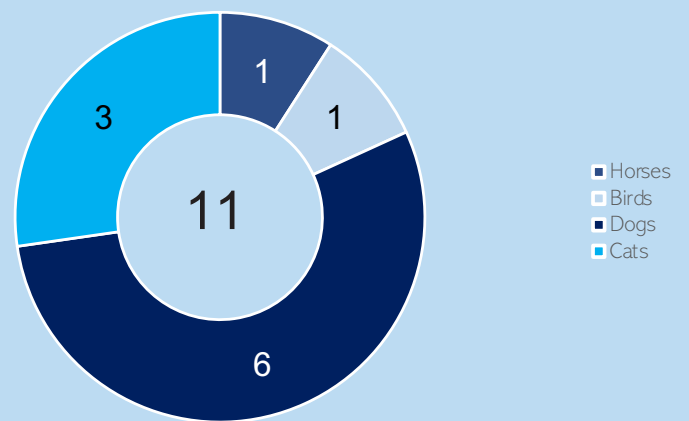
VCNZ complaints have also risen from 6 in 2020 to 11 in 2021. Despite this numbers remain low compared to prior years.

While technician claim numbers have been low, these tend to relate to high volume activities.

Breakdown of claims
General vs VCNZ vs Technicians

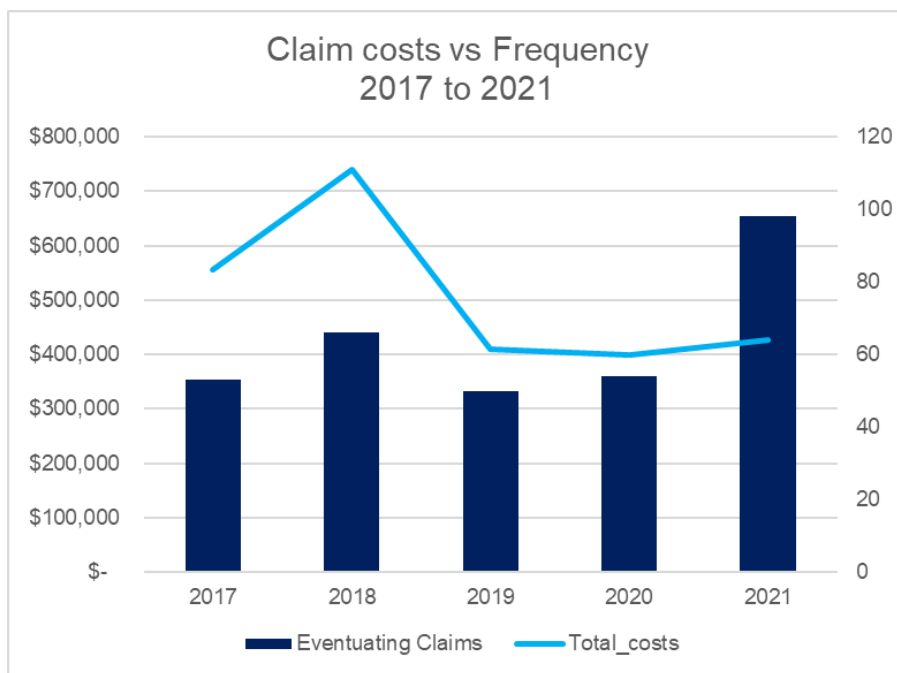


VCNZ Complaints, by species



As you can see, claim costs have been reasonably stable in recent years, following high costs in 2017 and 2018. A contributing factor in those years was a high number of veterinary council complaints, particularly related to certification for transportation.

As liability claims tend to materialise over multiple years claim costs for prior years may continue to rise.

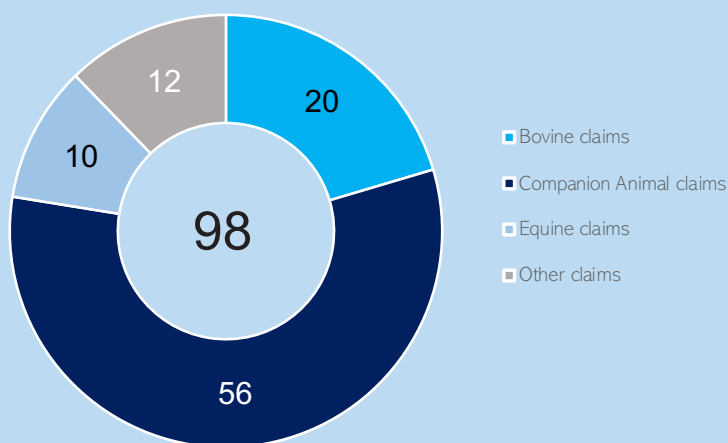


Graph: Claim costs vs frequency for the period 2017 to 2021

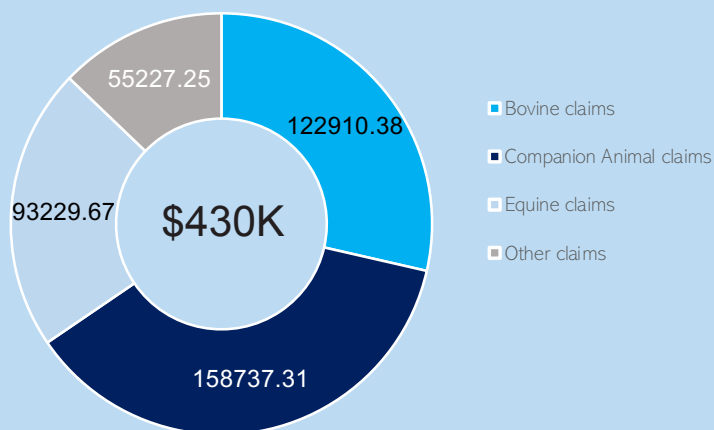
Turning to claims by species, there was a notable increase in claim volume for companion animals and bovine. Equine was stable. This is consistent with the change in demand during the first year of the covid environment.

From a cost perspective, 2021 is consistent with 2020, with costs spread predominantly between companion animals, bovine and equine.

Claim numbers, by species

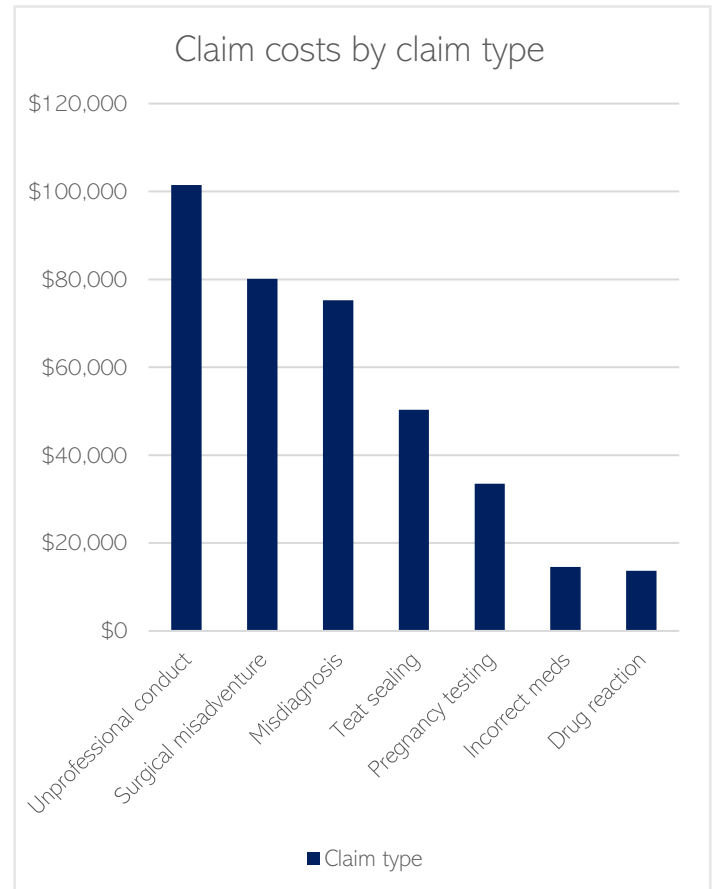
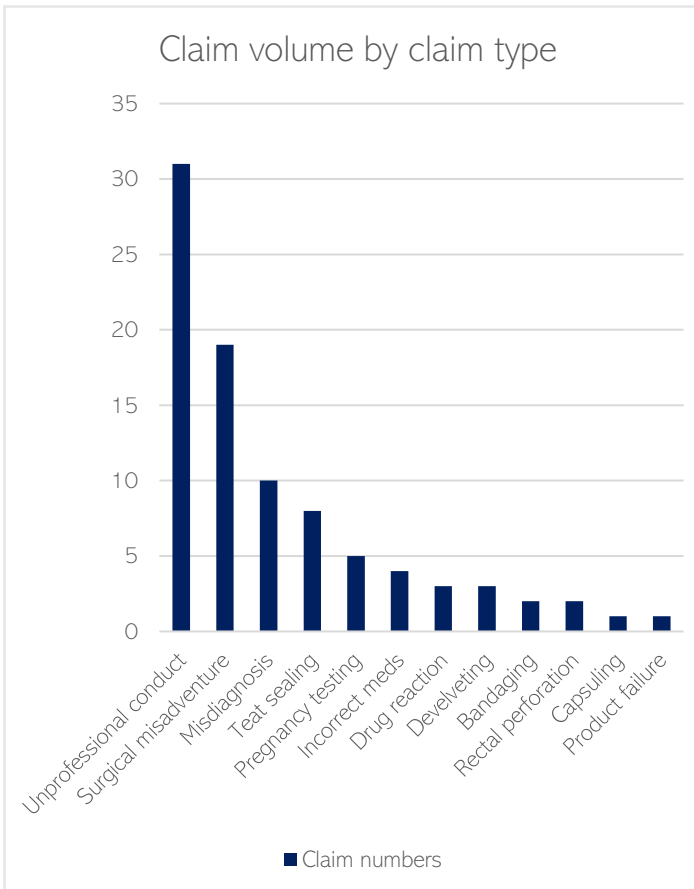


Claim costs, by species



The most common claim types were unprofessional conduct, surgical misadventure and misdiagnosis. Unprofessional conduct includes claims relating to Veterinary Council as well as communication and privacy issues.

Unprofessional conduct, surgical misadventure and misdiagnosis also represented the majority of the claim costs.



CONSISTENT WITH LAST YEAR, THERE WAS HIGH REPRESENTATION IN COMPANION ANIMAL CLAIMS, BOVINE CLAIMS AND EQUINE CLAIMS, AND VETERINARY COUNCIL (VCNZ) COMPLAINTS REMAINED RELATIVELY LOW.



A close-up, profile view of a woman with her hair in a ponytail, wearing teal scrubs and a red stethoscope. She is looking down and to the left with a thoughtful expression. The background is a soft-focus green outdoor setting. A semi-transparent white box is overlaid on the center of the image, containing the text.

Minutes of 2021 Annual General Meeting

Minutes of 2021 Annual General Meeting

2021 Annual General Meeting

Minutes of the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Veterinary Professional Insurance Society (Inc) via Zoom held at 5.30pm on 24 February 2021

Welcome

Gavin Shepherd welcomed members to the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Veterinary Professional Insurance Society (VPIS).

Previously VPIS held its AGM immediately following the NZVA AGM, however in order to comply with the Incorporated Societies Act, the AGM needs to be held within 6 months following the end of the financial year.

Name	Eligible to vote	Name	Eligible to vote
Gavin Shepherd (Chair)	✓	Mark Gilmour (Vice Chair)	✓
Paul Fraser (Board)	✓	Vince Peterson (Board)	✓
Brendon Bell (Board)	✓	Jim Rhynd (Board)	✓
Tanya Page (Board)	✓	Alpha Woolrich (CEO)	✗
Katy Dawson	✗	Margaret Carter (CFO)	✗
Kevin Bryant (NZVA CEO)	✗	Mark Hosking (Practice Principal, Franklin Vets)	✓
Neil Houston (Practice Principal, Vet Assoc Equine)	✓	Stephen Hopkinson (Practice Principal, Taranaki Vet Svs)	✓
Matt Kibble (Practice Manager, Anexa)	✓	Trish Thorpe (Minutes)	✗

Confirmation of quorum

The Chairman advised those present that a quorum was not reached. The meeting was adjourned at 5.35pm. The adjourned time for the meeting to recommence was 5.36pmm with no notice of an adjourned meeting being required per clause 12.6 of the Rules. The adjourned meeting recommenced at 5.36pm and after one minute (per clause 12.5 of the Rules) the Members present constituted a quorum. The meeting then proceeded on the basis of that quorum.

Apologies

Apologies were received from:

- Steve Cranefield (Board member)
- Liza Schneider (Holistic Vets)
- Mark Bryan (VetSouth)
- Terry Youngman (Animal Health Centre)
- Grant McCullough (Albany Vet Hospital)

Moved: Gavin Shepherd **Seconded:** Mark Gilmour
Carried

Confirmation of Minutes of the 2020 Annual General Meeting

It was resolved that the minutes of the 2020 Annual General Meeting be accepted as a true and accurate record.

Moved: Paul Fraser **Seconded:** Vince Peterson
Carried

Chair Report

Gavin Shepherd Chair presented his report for 2021 covering:

- From a financial perspective it was a challenging year, we ended the year with a modest surplus of \$81,569. Alongside this our equity position increased slightly from \$2.66m to \$2.71m and our solvency ratio increased from 376% to 383%. This improvement was largely due to investment returns.
- As an insurer VPIS is heavily regulated. While VPIS enjoyed the shelter of small insurer exemptions VPIS will lose these when the premium income, which is largely driven by members' turnover, encroaches

\$1.5m. Although VPIS had forecast a drop, practice revenue increased. However, the increase in premium income leads VPIS closer to losing its exemptions as a Small Insurer and the need to satisfy the Reserve Bank of New Zealand regarding solvency and the requirement to have at least \$3m in reserves to meet the regulatory obligations.

- Covid 19 led to: An increase in pet ownership; More stressed veterinarians and clients and complaints against veterinarians.
- Due to a lack of veterinary conferences VPIS has not been able to meet with members during 2021.

Special mention to:

- Dr Vince Peterson who received a Queens Honour during 2020 in recognition of his services to the veterinary profession and VPIS.

The Chairman acknowledged the invaluable support of fellow board members, who also assist with claims investigations:

- Dr Mark Gilmour (sheep, beef and deer)
- Dr Steve Cranefield (dairy)
- Dr Paul Fraser (equine)
- Dr Brendon Bell (equine)
- Dr Tanya Page (companion animals)
- Dr Vince Peterson (companion animals)
- Mr Jim Rhynd (farmer representative from the ARVP).

The Chairman also thanked Dr Katy Dawson and Dr Shanaka Sarathchandra for their assessment work this year, and VPIS CEO Alpha Woolrich supported by Trish Thorpe, Richard Anderson (IT) and Margaret Carter CFO.

The Chairman thanked NZVA for their support as a major service provider and partner, represented by Kevin Bryant CEO at the AGM.

CEO's report

Alpha Woolrich, CEO, provided comparative detail on:

- recent claims experience
- claims settlements and costs
- the average cost of claims is declining.
- a reduction in the amount of VCNZ complaints to defend, attributed to the VCNZ's focus on triaging.

It was resolved that the 2021 Chairman's report be accepted.

Moved: Gavin Shepherd **Seconded:** Brendon Bell
Carried

Financial Report

- a. Adoption of annual accounts for year ended 30 September 2020

Mark Gilmour, Audit and Risk Committee Chair spoke to the audited annual accounts for the year ended 30 September 2020:

- The audited financial statements are available on the VPIS website.
- The investment portfolio has been affected by the volatile market.
- VPIS shifted the investment portfolio from BNZ to JBWere to align with the Statement of Investment Policy and Objectives (SIPO) which sets out the VPIS investment governance and management framework.

It was resolved that the audited annual accounts for the year ended 30 September 2020 are accepted.

Moved: Mark Gilmour **Seconded:** Vince Peterson
Carried

- b. Announcement of auditor for the 2021-2022 period

It was resolved that the current auditor Deloitte be appointed for the 2021-2022 period.

Moved: Gavin Shepherd **Seconded:** Vince Peterson
Carried

Election of Officers

Two Board members retired by rotation:

- Mark Gilmour
- Paul Fraser.

Each were willing to stand again. There were no additional nominations.

Mark Gilmour and Paul Fraser were declared re-elected for a 3-year term.

Implementation of New Rules for the Society

VPIS has reviewed its Rules which were made available to members prior to the meeting. VPIS proposes the new Rules be adopted in light of the revisions to the Incorporate Societies Act and to support good governance of the organisation.

Gavin Shepherd Chair advised that a motion to adopt the new Constitution/Rules needs to be put to a vote and that per (current) Rule 12.7 the vote is initially carried out by a show of hands:

The below motion was voted on by those eligible to vote. The vote was taken by a show of hands.

“That the Rules referred to above be approved and registered as the Rules of the Society.”

- Ayes – All present
- Nays - None

Moved: Gavin Shepherd **Seconded:** Mark Gilmour
Carried

Membership subscription fee

CEO advised that VPIS has reviewed its membership subscription fees applicable to veterinarians and technicians:

- The fee has not been increased for approximately ten years.
- Members receive VPIS assistance to: Resolve matters prior to concerns becoming a full claim with resultant additional costs; Pastural support; Pre and post loss risk management.

The Board agreed that the membership subscription fees should be increased for the 2021-2022 insurance year to reflect inflation and provision of support for members.

It was resolved that for the 2021-2022 insurance year the following will apply:

- Increased veterinarian subscription rate from \$130 Full time and \$65 Part time to \$150 Full time and \$75 Part time.
- Increased technician subscription rate from \$97.50 Full time and \$49.75 Part time to \$100 Full time and \$75 Part time.
- Increased application of the multi-vet discount from more than 10 veterinarians to more than 20 veterinarians.

Chair
Carried

General Business

CEO advised that issues of note for claims are:

- Record keeping – often are lacking in detail which are grounds for a VCNZ complaint.
- Communication – good communication can often alleviate a client’s concerns where an outcome is not expected.

Date and venue of the next AGM Annual General Meeting

The date and time for the 2021 AGM is yet to be determined and will be advised at a later date.

Meeting was closed at 6.11pm.







A person wearing a blue suit is seated at a wooden table, holding a pen in their right hand. The table is covered with several documents and a laptop. The background is softly blurred, showing a modern office environment with wooden chairs and tables. A semi-transparent white box is overlaid on the center of the image, containing the text "Independent Auditor's Report" in a dark blue, serif font.

Independent Auditor's Report

Independent Auditor's Report



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated (the 'Society'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 September 2021, and the statement of financial performance, statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, on pages 1 to 22, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at 30 September 2021, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ('ISAs') and International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) ('ISAs (NZ)'). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We are independent of the Society in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners (including International Independence Standards) (New Zealand)* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with or interests in the Society.

The Board Member's responsibilities for the financial statements

The Board Members are responsible on behalf of the Society for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime, and for such internal control as the Board Members determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board Members are responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board Members either intend to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and ISAs (NZ) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the External Reporting Board's website at:

<https://www.xrb.govt.nz/standards-for-assurance-practitioners/auditors-responsibilities/audit-report-8>

This description forms part of our auditor's report.



Restriction on use

This report is made solely to the Members. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Deloitte Limited

Wellington, New Zealand
14 February 2022



A person in a dark suit is seated at a desk, writing on a document with a black pen. The document features various financial charts and tables. To the left, a laptop is open, showing a blank screen. The background is a bright, out-of-focus office or balcony area with a railing and greenery. The overall lighting is warm and natural, suggesting daytime.

Financial Statements

Financial Statements

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses For the year ended 30 September 2021

	Notes	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue from Exchange Transactions	4.3		
Gross premium		1,468,179	1,402,163
Premium ceded to Re-Insurer		(713,767)	(672,199)
Net premium		<u>754,412</u>	<u>729,964</u>
Other Revenue			
Membership revenue		217,732	206,449
Miscellaneous revenue		8,675	3,822
Investment income		608	9,585
Investment property income		28,104	28,104
Gain on investments income		161,345	101,398
Total Other revenue		<u>416,464</u>	<u>349,358</u>
Total Revenue (including net premium)		<u>1,170,876</u>	<u>1,079,322</u>
Expenses			
Net Claims Cost	6	<u>231,877</u>	<u>221,632</u>
Operating Expenses			
Insurance fees and premiums		65,000	65,000
Legal expenses		57,539	96,359
Administration		170,480	194,468
Finance cost		3,550	3,406
Board cost		94,925	97,463
Depreciation and amortisation	9,10	5,087	4,864
Investment management fee		13,058	12,984
Personnel Costs		243,152	211,212
Project Expenses		119,088	90,364
Total Operating Expenses		<u>771,879</u>	<u>776,120</u>
Total Expenses		<u>1,103,756</u>	<u>997,752</u>
Total surplus for the year		<u>167,120</u>	<u>81,570</u>
Other comprehensive revenue and expenses		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive revenue and expenses for the year		<u>167,120</u>	<u>81,570</u>

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies and notes that follow

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Statement of Changes in Net Assets
For the year ended 30 September 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 October	3,097,019	3,015,449
Total Surplus for the year	167,120	81,570
Other comprehensive revenue and expenses	-	-
Total Comprehensive revenue and expenses	<u>167,120</u>	<u>81,570</u>
Balance as at 30 September	<u><u>3,264,139</u></u>	<u><u>3,097,019</u></u>

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies and notes that follow

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Statement of Financial Position
As at 30 September 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
Current Assets		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents		598,777	530,261
Receivables from exchange transactions		45,203	13,476
Recoverable from reinsurer in respect of claims provision	5,7	476,096	277,943
Prepayments		408,484	384,224
GST receivable		44,155	14,794
Total Current Assets		1,572,715	1,220,698
Non Current Assets			
Long term receivables		-	7,309
Investment property	10	190,905	194,430
Investment portfolio	11	2,602,423	2,453,527
Fixed Assets	9	1,766	3,328
Intangible assets		-	-
Total Non Current Assets		2,795,094	2,658,594
Total Assets		4,367,809	3,879,292
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable from exchange transactions		433,688	54,303
Subscriptions received in advance		607	1,295
Unearned premium	7	1,626	3,467
Sundry payables		64,796	327,608
Employee payables		27,454	18,735
Total Current Liabilities		528,171	405,408
Non Current Liabilities			
Provision for claims	5,7	571,315	372,072
Unearned Premium	7	3,177	3,407
Subscription in advance		1,007	1,386
Total Non Current Liabilities		575,499	376,865
Total Liabilities		1,103,670	782,273
Net Assets		3,264,139	3,097,019
Equity		3,264,139	3,097,019

For and on behalf of the Board 10th February 2022

GAVIN JAMES SHEPHERD

Full name

Signature
Chairman



MARK LINDSAY GILMOUR

Full name

Signature
Director



These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies and notes that follow

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 30 September 2021

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Cashflow from operating activities		
Cash was provided from/(applied to):		
Insurance premiums	1,473,417	1,410,477
Membership Subscriptions	216,664	206,449
Excesses and reinsurer payments received	329,393	618,098
Interest received	1,659	3,521
Other income	35,120	33,948
Operational Payments to suppliers	(682,063)	(751,634)
Insurance Claims Paid	(591,906)	(585,626)
Insurance Premiums Paid	(713,767)	(672,199)
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>68,517</u>	<u>263,034</u>
Cash flow from investing activities		
Proceeds from sale of financial assets	512,449	168,970
Payments to acquire financial assets	(500,000)	(156,149)
Payments to acquire fixed assets	-	(1,915)
Proceeds from interest	467	163
Proceeds from dividends	141	5,901
Payments to Management Fees	(13,058)	(12,984)
Net cash flow used in investing activities	<u>(1)</u>	<u>3,986</u>
Net cash flow from financing activities	-	-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	68,516	267,020
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	530,261	263,241
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>598,777</u>	<u>530,261</u>
Made up of		
Cash and Cash equivalents	13	530,261
Total Cash	<u>598,777</u>	<u>530,261</u>

This Cash Flow Statement has been prepared exclusive of GST

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the accounting policies and notes that follow

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated (“VPIS” or “Society”) is a Public Benefit Entity (PBE) registered as an Incorporated Society under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908 and is domiciled in New Zealand. This entity is a small insurer which under section 11(1) (b) of the Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Regulations 2010 is exempted from being an FMC reporting entity for the purposes of the Financial Markets Conduct 2013 by virtue of section 451(h) of that Act.

On 15 July 2013 VPIS was issued its original licence and on 13 August 2015 was issued a revised license to carry on insurance business in New Zealand under the Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010, and is eligible to use the small insurance exemptions under this Act.

VPIS’s principal activities are to establish such schemes or arrangements for insurance on behalf of members of VPIS against professional liability or fidelity guarantee insurance, and to promote, administer and operate, on behalf of Members of VPIS, any scheme of insurance so arranged. VPIS also provides non-financial advice and education to its members.

VPIS operates a professional liability insurance scheme for veterinary practices and has operated on its revised license since August 2015. VPIS takes advantage of all of the small insurer exemptions that apply to it. These financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of VPIS on 10th February 2022.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (“NZ GAAP”). They comply with Public Benefit Entity International Public Sector Accounting Standards (“PBE IPSAS”) and other applicable financial reporting standards as appropriate that have been authorised for use by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board for Not-For-Profit entities. For the purposes of complying with NZ GAAP, the Society is a public benefit not-for-profit entity and is eligible to apply Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE IPSAS on the basis that it falls within the small insurer exemption.

The Board has elected to report in accordance with Tier 2 Not-For-Profit PBE Accounting Standards and in doing so has taken advantage of all applicable Reduced Disclosure Regime (“RDR”) disclosure concessions.

3. CHANGES IN PRESENTATION BETWEEN YEARS

During the year, the Company revised its accounting policy in relation to upfront configuration and customisation costs incurred in implementing SaaS arrangements in response to the IFRIC agenda decision clarifying its interpretation of how current accounting standards apply to these types of arrangements. The new accounting policy is presented below. Historical financial information has been restated to account for the impact of the change – refer notes 5 and 18.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) arrangements are service contracts providing the Company with the right to access the cloud provider's application software over the contract period. Costs incurred to configure or customise, and the ongoing fees to obtain access to the cloud provider's application software, are recognised as operating expenses when the services are received.

Some of these costs incurred may be for the development of software code that enhances or modifies, or creates additional capability to, existing on-premise systems and meet the definition of and recognition criteria for an intangible asset. These costs are recognised as intangible software assets and amortised over the useful life of the software on a straight-line basis. The useful lives of these assets are reviewed at least at the end of each financial year, and any change accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

All other policies and presentations have been the same as the previous year.

4. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below

4.1 Basis of measurement

The measurement system adopted is standard historical cost except for the investment portfolio which is at fair value and the claims provision which is accounted for in accordance with PBE IFRS 4. The accrual basis of accounting has been used unless otherwise stated and the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

4.2 Presentation and Functional Currency

The VPIS financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars (\$), which is VPIS's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Zealand dollars has been rounded to the nearest dollar.

4.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Society and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding goods and service tax, and insurance recoveries.

The following specific recognition criteria must be met before revenue is recognised.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Revenue continued;

Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Gross Premium

Gross general insurance written premiums comprise the total premiums receivable for the whole period of cover provided by contracts entered into during the reporting period. They are recognised on the date on which the policy commences. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the reporting period for premiums receivable in respect of business written in prior accounting periods.

Unearned premiums are those proportions of premiums written in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. Unearned premiums are calculated on a daily pro rata basis. The proportion attributable to subsequent periods is deferred as a provision for unearned premiums.

Membership Revenue

The proportion of membership revenue that is attributable to the current financial year is recognised as revenue in that insurance year. Where this is paid in advance, the unearned portion has been shown as income in advance.

Premiums ceded to reinsurer

Gross outward reinsurance premiums on insurance contracts are recognised as an expense on the earlier of the date when premiums are payable or when the policy becomes effective.

Gross general reinsurance premiums ceded comprise the total premiums payable for the whole cover provided by contracts entered into in the period and are recognised on the date on which the policy incepts. Premiums include any adjustments arising in the accounting period in respect of reinsurance contracts incepting in prior accounting periods.

Unearned reinsurance premiums are those proportions of premiums ceded in a year that relate to periods of risk after the reporting date. Unearned reinsurance premiums are deferred over the term of the underlying direct insurance policies for risks-attaching contracts and over the term of the reinsurance contract for losses-occurring contracts.

Reinsurance premiums on the face of the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense have been presented as negative items within net premiums.

Investment Income

Investment income includes net proceeds from dividends, interest received, and investments sold during the year. Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues. Dividend revenue is recognised when the dividend is received.

Gains or losses resulting from changes in the market value of shares and bonds are separately identified.

Investment Property Income

Investment property income is the rental income from VPIS's share in the investment property held jointly with the New Zealand Veterinary Association and the New Zealand Veterinary Trust.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

4.4 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Society becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

The Society derecognises a financial asset or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or are waived, or the Society has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party; and either:

- the Society has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- the Society has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Financial assets

Financial assets within the scope of PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement are classified as financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets. The classifications of the financial assets are determined at initial recognition.

The categorisation determines subsequent measurement and whether any resulting income and expense is recognised in surplus or deficit or in other comprehensive revenue and expenses. The Society's financial assets are classified as either financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit, or loans and receivables. VPIS's financial assets include; cash and cash equivalents, short term investments, receivables from exchange transactions, investment portfolio and investment property.

All financial assets except for those at fair value through surplus or deficit are subject to review for impairment at least at each reporting date to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. Different criteria are used to identify whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets are impaired. These criteria are described below.

Financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit

Financial assets at fair value through surplus or deficit include financial assets that are either classified as held for trading or that meet certain conditions and are designated at fair value through surplus or deficit upon initial recognition. All investments of VPIS, except its property investment, fall into this category of financial instruments

Loans and Receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial recognition, these are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. VPIS's cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and receivables from exchange transactions fall into this category of financial instruments.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Financial Instruments, Financial Assets continued;

Impairment of financial and non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of tangible and intangible assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists for an asset, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses directly reduce the carrying amount of assets and are recognised in surplus or deficit within the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses.

Financial Liabilities

The Society's financial liabilities include accounts payables from exchange transactions and sundry payables.

All financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value (plus transaction cost for financial liabilities not at fair value through surplus or deficit) and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

4.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held on call with banks and short-term deposits which have a term of 90 days or less. These are highly liquid investments readily convertible into known amounts of cash which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Their carrying value approximates to their fair value.

4.6 Short Term Investments

Short term investments comprise term deposits which have a term of greater than three months but less than 12 months, and therefore do not fall into the category of cash and cash equivalents.

4.7 Receivables from Exchange Transactions

Accounts receivable from exchange transactions are non-interest bearing and receipt is normally due for re-insurance in 7 days and other receivables in 30 days. Therefore, the carrying value of receivables approximates its fair value. As at 30 September 2021 and 2020, all overdue balances have been assessed for impairment and no allowance was necessary.

All receivables are subject to credit risk exposure.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

4.8 Investment Property

The investment property is held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation and is accounted for using a historical cost model.

The investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment. Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset and recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses.

The depreciation period for the property is as follows:
Investment Property - 50 years

4.9 Other Assets

The Society recently acquired computer hardware assets:
The depreciation period for the computer is as follows;
Computer hardware - 2.5 years
Plant and Equipment - 4 years

4.10 Income Tax

VPIS is exempt from income tax under the Veterinary Services Bodies provisions of Section CW50 of the Income Tax Act 2007.

4.11 Goods and Service Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, except for receivables from exchange transactions and accounts payable from exchange transactions which are stated inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST payable/(receivable) to/(from) the Inland Revenue Department is included as either a payable or a receivable in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a net basis. The GST component of cash flows which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Inland Revenue Department is classified as part of operating cash flows.

4.12 Provisions

A provision is recognised for a liability when the settlement amount or timing is uncertain; when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; it is probable that expenditures will be required to settle the obligation; and a reliable estimate of the potential settlement can be made.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligation.

Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

All provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.13 Expenditure

Gross Claims

Gross insurance claims, fees and expenses include the cost of all claims occurring during the year, and related internal and external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims.

Claims Ceded

Reinsurance claims are recognised when the related gross insurance claim is recognised according to the terms of the relevant contract.

Other Operating Expenses

All other expenses are recognised in surplus and deficit within the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses, upon utilisation of the service or at the date of their origin.

4.14 Reinsurance ceded to reinsurance counterparties

VPIS cedes insurance risk in the normal course of business. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision or settled claims associated with the reinsurer's policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contract.

Reinsurance assets are reviewed for impairment at each reporting date, or more frequently, when an indication of impairment arises during the reporting period. Impairment occurs when there is objective evidence as a result of an event that occurred after initial recognition of the reinsurance asset that VPIS may not receive all outstanding amounts due under the terms of the contract and the event has a reliably measurable impact on the amounts that VPIS will receive from the reinsurer. The impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses.

Gains or losses on buying reinsurance are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense immediately at the date of purchase and are not amortised.

Ceded reinsurance arrangements do not relieve VPIS from its obligations to policyholders.

4.15 Insurance receivables

Insurance receivables are recognised when due and measured on initial recognition at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Subsequent to initial recognition, insurance receivables are measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method. The carrying value of insurance receivables is reviewed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable, with the impairment loss recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Insurance receivables are derecognised when the de-recognition criteria for financial assets have been met.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

5. SIGNIFICANT MANAGEMENT JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

When preparing the financial statements management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities.

Judgements have been made in respect of claims acceptance and validity. Further significant estimates are made in conjunction with the appointed Actuary to determine the provision for future claims amounts. Uncertainty about these judgements and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

VPIS management based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Society. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

The risk under any one insurance contract is the possibility that one or more insured events occurs and the uncertainty of the amount of the resulting claim. By the very nature of an insurance contract, this risk is unpredictable.

Moreover, the estimate of the outstanding claims provision is subject to uncertainty due to the tail claims risk for some of the products written by VPIS. Premiums are earned within one year, but the reserves for possible claims remain on the balance sheet for several years. The ultimate claims costs of the claims outstanding at any particular date may be materially higher or lower than current estimates.

VPIS has developed its reinsurance strategy to mitigate these insurance risks. All policies since 2020 have been underwritten so the maximum exposure to VPIS in any one year is the aggregate of \$50,000 per claim or \$200,000 in any year. Insurance events are unpredictable, and the actual number and value of claims will vary from year to year.

The principal risk that VPIS faces under its insurance contracts is that the actual claims exceed the carrying amount of the insurance provisions for any year, and the reinsurer refuses or is unable to pay the excess. This risk is mitigated by the reinsurer's involvement in every claim from the outset.

VPIS on occasion may choose to absorb costs or make payments for claims that fall outside the scope of the policy. Such decisions are made as a membership benefit. In such cases, the total claims cost for the year may exceed the retention limit.

Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the outstanding claims provision and are in accordance with the reinsurance contracts. Although VPIS has reinsurance arrangements, it is not relieved of its direct obligations to its policyholders and thus a credit exposure exists with respect to ceded insurance, to the extent that any reinsurer is unable to meet its obligations assumed under such reinsurance agreements.

Short term insurance liabilities are not directly sensitive to the level of market interest rates, as they are undiscounted and contractually non-interest bearing.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Significant Management Judgements and Estimates in Applying Accounting policies continued;

Note 18 describes the entity's accounting policy in respect of customisation and configuration costs incurred in implementing SaaS arrangements. In applying the entity's accounting policy, the directors made the following key judgements that may have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in financial statements.

Determination whether configuration and customisation services are distinct from the SaaS access costs incurred to configure or customise the cloud provider's application software are recognised as operating expenses when the services are received. In a contract where the cloud provider provides both the SaaS configuration and customisation, and the SaaS access over the contract term, the directors applied judgement to determine whether these services are distinct from each other or not, and therefore, whether the configuration and customisation costs incurred are expensed as the software is configured or customised (i.e. upfront), or over the SaaS contract term. Specifically, where the configuration and customisation activities significantly modify or customise the cloud software, these activities will not be distinct from the access to the cloud software over the contract term. Judgement has been applied in determining whether the degree of customisation and modification of the cloud-based software that would be deemed significant. During the year, the Society recognised \$407,351 (2020: \$384,224) as prepayments in respect of customisation and configuration activities undertaken in implementing SaaS arrangements which are considered not to be distinct from the access to the SaaS access over the contract term.

Insurance Credit risk

VPIS has a contingent liability if for any reason expected recoveries are not received from the underwriters.

Claim Liability Assumptions

VPIS's Appointed Actuary, Christine Ormrod FNZSA FIA of PricewaterhouseCoopers Consulting (New Zealand) LP, has prepared a valuation of VPIS's outstanding claims liability as at 30 September 2021.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Significant Management Judgements and Estimates in Applying Accounting policies continued;

The valuation was undertaken using a paid chain ladder methodology for determining future claim payments on open claims, increased for individual estimates for large claims where appropriate. Key assumptions used in determining the outstanding claims liability were as follows:

- Discount rate – nil (2020: nil) Most outstanding claims are settled within a year of the balance date.
- Inflation rate – the same rates as in recent experience are implicitly allowed through the chain ladder methodology. No additional allowance was made (2020: same).
- Future claims handling expenses – 16% (2020:16%) of gross claims payments.
- Reinsurance – as VPIS has met its retention level in each recent year to 2021, all future claims payments are assumed to be covered by reinsurance.
- Risk Margin – net claims cost is calculated at a 75% probability of sufficiency by applying a risk margin of 25% (2020: 25%) to gross claims.
- The pattern of claims run-off assumed was:

Development year	1	2	3	4+
This year assumptions	110%	5%	1%	0%
2020 Assumptions	150%	5%	1%	0%
2019 Assumptions	100%	3%	1%	0%

The impact of this was to increase the net provision for outstanding claims by \$1,090 at 30 September 2021 (2020: \$49,130).

Uncertainty and sensitivities

The estimate of the outstanding claims provision is subject to a significant amount of uncertainty as it can take several years for the final cost of a claim to be known. The ultimate claims costs of the claims outstanding at any particular date may be materially higher or lower than the current estimates. However, the stop-loss reinsurance treaty in place with Vero Liability reduces the volatility of VPIS's profit, with the net of reinsurance underwriting result generally known within the year.

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Significant Management Judgements and Estimates in Applying Accounting policies continued;

The valuation results are sensitive to the assumptions relating to the pattern of which claims are reported and the mixture of claims received, particularly the amount paid in the year after claim inception. As VPIS is a small business, its experience is likely to be more volatile. Sensitivity tests have been carried out to determine the impact of an adverse change to the underlying assumptions in the projections.

	Effect on revenue and net equity
Claim development factors 20% higher	13,867
Claim development factors 20% lower	(13,582)
Claim handling expenses 5% higher	29,756
Claim handling expenses 5% lower	(29,756)

This is the fourth valuation by an Appointed Actuary. The net ultimate claims cost for the nine most recent claim years, from years ending 30 September 2013 to 30 September 2021 are as follows:

Underwriting Year	Valuation Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
2021									200,000	200,000
2020							150,000	200,000		
2019						150,000	150,000			
2018					150,000	150,000				
2017				150,000	150,000					
2016			150,000	150,000						
2015		150,000	150,000							
2014	150,000	150,000								
2013	150,000									
Net paid claims	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	200,000	200,000	

Net undiscounted outstanding claims	-
Discounting	-
Indirect expenses	76,175
Risk margin	19,044
Provision for net outstanding claims	95,219

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6. NET CLAIMS COST

VPIS reinsures its exposure to claims and seeks to recover all costs over the agreed cap from its reinsurer. Each year the Society makes a full provision up to the cap for potential claims and claims received but not yet settled. This provision is reduced during the year as claims and related expenses are paid.

An agreement was made in 2017-18 relating to certain over cap claims expensed in 2016-17, which resulted in prior year claims costs being recovered; the surplus was recognised as revenue in 2017-18.

Underwriting Expenses and recoveries continued

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Claims, fees & expenses		
Expenses incurred - current year claims	326,807	196,709
Expenses incurred - prior years claims	265,099	388,918
	<u>591,906</u>	<u>585,627</u>
Insurance expenses recovered - current year claims	(125,182)	(23,469)
Insurance expenses recovered - prior-year claims	(235,937)	(389,656)
	<u>(361,119)</u>	<u>(413,125)</u>
Movement in net outstanding claims	1,090	49,130
Net Claims cost for the year	<u>231,877</u>	<u>221,632</u>

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

7. LIABILITY ADEQUACY TESTING AND SOLVENCY DISCLOSURE

Liability adequacy test and unexpired risk provision

A liability adequacy test (LAT) is a test to determine whether the net unearned premium provision is sufficient to cover the net premium liability. The net premium liability is the provision deemed necessary to cover the claim risk and expenses associated with unearned premiums plus a risk margin. An unexpired risk provision is required if there is a deficit of net unearned premium provision less deferred acquisition costs (DAC) compared to net premium liability.

VPIS's unearned premium both current and noncurrent as at 30 September 2021 is \$4,803 (2020: \$6,874). These all relate to run-off insurances. There is no other net premium liability either so there is no overall deficit under the LAT.

Solvency Position

Under section 4.5 of the Solvency Standard for Non-Life Insurance business, issued by the Reserve Bank of New Zealand under section 55 of the Insurance (Prudential Supervision) Act 2010, VPIS is required to disclose certain information regarding its solvency position. As at 30 September 2021:

- (a) VPIS's Actual Solvency Capital was \$2.857m (2020: \$2.71m)
- (b) VPIS's Minimum Solvency Capital was \$0.676m (2020: \$0.709m)
- (c) VPIS's Solvency Margin was \$2.18m (2020: \$2.004m)
- (d) VPIS's Solvency Ratio was 422%. (2020: 383%)

8. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents approximates their fair value.

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates on daily deposit balances. Short term deposits for original maturities from 30 days to 180 days were earning interest rates of between 0.45% and 0.85%. There are currently no short-term deposits. On Call rates were 0.05%

9. OTHER ASSETS

2021	Opening Cost \$	Plus Additions \$	Less Disposals \$	Closing Cost \$	Amortisation for the year \$	Accumulated Amortisation \$	Carrying Amount \$
Computer Hardware	2,949	-	-	2,949	1,180	2,556	393
Plant and equipment	1,916	-	-	1,916	383	543	1,373
	4,865	-	-	4,865	1,563	3,099	1,766
2020	Opening Cost \$	Plus Additions \$	Less Disposals \$	Closing Cost \$	Amortisation for the year \$	Accumulated Amortisation \$	Carrying Amount \$
Computer Hardware	2,949	-	-	2,949	1,179	1,376	1,573
Plant and equipment	-	1,915	-	1,916	161	161	1,755
	2,949	1,915	-	4,865	1,340	1,537	3,328

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
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10. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

VPIS has a 25% ownership in the land and building situated at Level 2, 44 Victoria Street, Wellington, the principal place of operation. Ownership is shared with New Zealand Veterinary Association (NZVA) and the New Zealand Veterinary Trust (as successors to the New Zealand Veterinary Association Foundation for Continuing Education) under an agreement for purchase dated August 2006. VPIS is restricted from disposing of the asset since it owns only 25% of the property. There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct, develop the property or for maintenance and enhancements.

VPIS receives rental income from NZVA.

Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment.

Investment Property	Opening Cost	Depreciation for the year	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying amount
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2021	253,658	3,525	62,753	190,905
2020	253,658	3,525	59,228	194,430

Reconciliation of the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period:

Investment Property	\$
Opening balance as at 1 October 2020	194,430
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Depreciation	3,525
Closing balance as at 30 September 2021	<u>190,905</u>

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISK

VPIS is exposed to various risks in relation to financial instruments. VPIS's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarised below:

	2021	2020
Financial Assets		\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	598,777	530,261
<i>Loans and Receivables</i>		
Receivables	45,203	13,476
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss	<u>2,602,423</u>	<u>2,453,527</u>
	<u>3,246,403</u>	<u>2,997,264</u>
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable	433,688	54,303
Sundry payables	64,796	327,607
Employee liabilities	<u>27,454</u>	<u>18,735</u>
	<u>525,938</u>	<u>400,645</u>

VPIS has exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Key areas where the entity is exposed to credit risk are:

- Reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities.
- Amounts due from reinsurers in respect of claims already paid.
- Amounts due from insurance contract holders.
- Amounts due from money market and cash positions.

VPIS structures the levels of credit risk it accepts by placing limits on its exposure by having reinsurer insurance in place to cover amounts that exceed \$50,000 in one claim or \$200,000 over one insurance year. Reinsurance is used to manage insurance risk.

Liquidity and market risk are managed by VPIS through the reinsurance agreement and through limited cover explained above. VPIS's reinsurance provider has a financial risk rating of A+.

Currently as a small insurer, VPIS is not required to have a credit rating.

12. COMMITMENTS

There were no commitments at year end (2020: \$nil).

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

13. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

VPIS services apart from the employees and contractors of VPIS are provided under contract from New Zealand Veterinary Association Incorporated (NZVA). VPIS during the year ended 30 September 2021 had 2 full time employees and one contractor. The contractor's fees are included in personnel costs.

There is a management fee charged by NZVA (see note 16) which includes some staff salaries and other support services provided.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Rental

VPIS receives rental income from New Zealand Veterinary Association Incorporated (NZVA) who occupies the premises.

Rental Income received for the year was \$28,104 (2020: \$28,104), owed to VPIS as at 30 September 2021 was \$2,693 (2020: \$2,694).

Management Fees

VPIS is charged by NZVA for management services provided to VPIS. All transactions are agreed by the VPIS Board.

Management fees were \$40,333 (2020: \$61,763).

Amounts owed to NZVA as at 30 September 2021 were \$3,900 (2020: \$4,242).

Key Management Personnel

Total costs incurred \$127,781 (2020: \$121,018).

Fees paid to Board Members

Board members of the VPIS are contracted as insurance assessors from time to time. The Board have determined that if a board member also earns income as an assessor and this amount is less than 2% of the gross annual insurance income then they are deemed to be an independent board member.

Board member fees, Audit and Risk Committee fees and membership committee fees paid for the year were \$82,965 (2020: \$84,050).

Board and Audit and Risk Committee fees owed to Board members as at 30 September 2021 were \$nil (2020: \$nil).

Assessors Fees paid to Board members for the year was \$117,239 (2020 \$101,400).

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

Fees paid to Board Members continued;

Board Members received the following payments:

Name		Assessor Fees		Assessor Fees Payable at Balance Date (inc GST)	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
Gavin Shepherd	Board Chair	\$ 1,890	\$ 1,590	\$ -	\$ 1,590
Brendon Bell		\$ 3,125	\$ 2,731	\$ -	\$ -
Jim Rhynd		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Mark Gilmour	ARC Chair	\$ 34,795	\$ 19,109	\$ -	\$ -
Paul Fraser		\$ 7,551	\$ 8,318	\$ -	\$ -
Steve Cranefield		\$ 5,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Tanya Bootle		\$ 39,180	\$ 38,717	\$ 4,571	\$ 5,326
Vince Peterson		\$ 25,133	\$ 30,935	\$ -	\$ 3,903
		\$ 117,239	\$ 101,400	\$ 4,571	\$ 10,819

IMPACT of COVID 19

The surplus to 30 September has been impacted by Covid-19 due to the following;

a) Impact on Members which impact financially on VPIS

Despite initial projections of a reduction in membership turnover, a high proportion of members experienced increased demand over the past year, especially in companion animal practices, supported by increased pet ownership. Claim volume has increased significantly, due to the challenging covid environment. Increased demand for services alongside a shortage of veterinarians, closed borders and high stress levels in veterinarians and the public have resulted in increased mistakes and more persistent claimants.

b) Compliance costs

Compliance demands specific to covid have eased slightly. The financial impact is negligible.

c) Investment returns

Investment markets have experienced periods of volatility directly and indirectly resulting from covid. Related to this VPIS has restructured its investments to a more conservative portfolio to protect its capital. Interest rates have begun to show signs of increasing.

d) Board and Staff

Like last year travel has been interrupted as a result of covid. VPIS has utilised remote working systems for the day to day running of its business as well as in place of face to face meetings, including the Annual General Meeting (AGM).

Veterinary Professional Insurance Society Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 30 September 2021

15. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

There have been no events subsequent to the Reporting date which necessitate any adjustment to the financial statements and notes thereto.

16. POTENTIAL LEGAL COSTS

There is an ongoing defence of allegations made by a former service provider. While VPIS is not named as a defendant in this case there are potential legal costs to be incurred and therefore VPIS has lodged a claim under its Association Liability policy. The outcome of these proceedings is not expected to be significant to VPIS and based on the current facts and circumstances and legal advice the board are confident in respect of the likely outcome and do not consider any provision necessary.

17. AUDIT FEES

Audit fees of \$16,750 (2020: \$16,500), Solvency fees of \$5,500 (2020: \$5,500) were paid to Deloitte.

18. RETROSPECTIVE RESTATEMENT

As disclosed in note 3, the Society revised its accounting policy in relation to SaaS arrangements during the year resulting from the implementation of agenda decisions issued by the IFRIC. Historical financial information has been restated to account for the impact of the change in accounting policy, as follows:

Financial Statement Item	30 Sep 2020
	DR/(CR)
Statement of Financial Position	
Prepayments	384,224
Intangible Assets	(384,224)
Total Assets	-
Total Equity	-
Statement of Comprehensive Income	
Depreciation	(79,664)
Project Expenses	79,664
Total Surplus for the year	-
Statement of Cashflows	
Payments made to suppliers and employees	89,815
Net Cash generated by Operating Activities	(89,815)
Payments to acquire software assets	(89,815)
Net Cash used in Investing Activities	89,815



VETERINARY
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